CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

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An antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof which binds to a mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or portion of said receptor, wherein said antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof inhibits binding of a ligand to the receptor.

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An antibody or antigen-binding fragment according to Claim 1 wherein said antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof inhibits one or more functions associated with binding of the ligand to the receptor.

An antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof 3. according to Clarm 1 wherein the mammalian CCchemokine receptor 2 is a human CC-chemokine receptor 2.

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An antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof 4. according to Claim 1 wherein the antibody or fragment thereof binds the amino-terminal domain or portion thereof of mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2.

An antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof according to Claim 4 wherein the portion of the aminoterminal domain is from about amino acid 1 to about amino acid 30.

- An antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof according to Claim 1 wherein the antibody is selected from the group consisting of:
- monoclonal antibody 1D9; a)

an antibody having an epitopic specificity which is the same as or similar to that of 1D9;

- c) an antibody which can compete with 1D9 for binding to mammalian CC-chemokine receptor;
- d) monoclonal antibody 8G2;
- e) an antibody having an epitopic specificity which is the same as or similar to that of 8G2;
- f) an antibody which can compete with 8G2 for binding to mammalian CC chemokine receptor 2; and
- 10 g) antigen-binding fragments of any one of (a) through (f) which bind to mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or a portion thereof.
 - 7. An antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof according to Claim 1 wherein the ligand is a chemokine.

An antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof according to Claim 7 wherein the chemokine is selected from the group consisting of MCP-1, MCP-2, MCP-3, MCP-4 and combinations thereof.

- 20 9. The hybridoma cell line deposited under ATCC Accession No. .
 - 10. The hybridoma cell line deposited under ATCC Accession No.
- 11. A monoclonal antibody or antigen-binding fragment
 thereof produced by the hybridoma cell line according
 to Claim 9.

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- 12. A monoclonal antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof produced by the hybridoma cell line according to Claim 10.
- 13. A test kit for use in detecting the presence of a mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 in a biological sample comprising
 - at least one antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof selected from the group consisting of:
 - i)\ monoclonal antibody 1D9;
 - ii) an antibody having an epitopic specificity which is the same as or similar to that of 1D9:
 - iii) an antibody which can compete with 1D9 for binding to mammalian C-chemokine receptor 2;
 - iv) monoclonal antibody 8G2;
 - v) an antibody having an epitopic specificity which is the same as or similar to that of 8G2;
 - vi) an antibody which can compete with 8G2 for binding to mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2; and
 - vii) antigen-binding fragments of any one of (i)
 through (vi) which bind to mammalian CC chemokine receptor 2 or a portion thereof;
 and
 - b) one or more ancillary reagents suitable for detecting the presence of a complex between said antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof and said mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or a portion thereof.

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- bearing mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 with a ligand thereof, comprising contacting said cell with an effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof which binds to mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or portion of said receptor and inhibits binding of said ligand to the receptor.
- 15. A method according to Claim 14 wherein the cell is selected from the group consisting of lymphocytes,

 monocytes, granulocytes, T cells, basophils, and cells comprising a recombinant nucleic acid encoding CCR2 or a portion thereof.
 - 16. A method according to claim 15 wherein the T cells are selected from the group consisting of CD8+ cells, CD25+ cells, CD4+ cells and CD45RO+ cells.
 - 17. A method according to claim 14 wherein the ligand is a chemokine.
- 18. A method according to Claim 17 wherein the chemokine is selected from the group consisting of MCP-1, MCP-2, MCP-3, MCP-4 and combinations thereof.
 - 19. A method according to Claim 14 wherein the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof is selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) monoclonal antibody 1D9;
- b) an antibody having an epitopic specificity which is the same as or similar to that of 1D9;
 - c) an antibody which can compete with 1D9 for binding to mammalian CC-chemokine recentor 2; and

- antigen-binding fragments of any one of (a) through (c) which bind to mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or a portion thereof.
- 20. A method of inhibiting HIV infection of a cell,

 comprising contacting a cell with an effective amount
 of a composition comprising an antibody or antigenbinding fragment thereof which binds to mammalian CCchemokine receptor 2 or portion of said receptor and
 inhibits HIV entry into said cell.
- 10 21. A method according to claim 20 wherein the cell is selected from the group consisting of lymphocytes, monocytes, macrophages, granulocytes, T cells, and cells comprising a recombinant nucleic acid encoding CCR2 or a portion thereof.
- 15 22. A method according to Claim 21 wherein the T cells are selected from the group consisting of CD8+ cells, CD25+ cells, CD4+ cells and CD45RO+ cells.
- 23. A method according to Claim 20 wherein the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof is selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) monoclonal antibody 1D9;
 - b) an antibody having an epitopic specificity which is the same as or similar to that of 1D9;
 - c) an antibody which can compete with 109 for binding to mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2; and
 - d) antigen-binding fragments of any one of (a) through (c) which bind to mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or a portion thereof.

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- A method of treating HIV in a patient comprising administering to the patient a composition comprising an effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof which binds to mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or portion of said receptor and inhibits HIV entry into said cell.
- 25. A method according to Claim 24 wherein the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof is selected from the group consisting of:
- 10 a) monoclenal antibody 1D9;
 - b) an antibody having an epitopic specificity which is the same as or similar to that of 1D9;
 - c) an antibody which can compete with 1D9 for binding to mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2; and
 - d) antigen-binding fragments of any one of (a) through (c) which binds mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or a portion thereof.
 - 26. A method of detecting expression of mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or portion thereof by a cell, comprising:
 - a) contacting a composition comprising a cell to be tested with an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof selected from the group consisting of:
 - i) monoclonal antibody 1D9;
 - ii) an antibody having an epitopic specificity which is the same as or similar to that of 1D9;
 - iii) an antibody which can compete with 1D9 for binding to mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2;
 - iv) monoclonal antibody 8G2;

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		$\vee \lambda$	an antibody having an epitopic specificity
		\	which is the same as or similar to that of
			8G2;
		vi) 🔪	an antibody which can compete with 8G2 for
5			ackslashbinding to mammalian CC-chemokine
			receptor 2;
		vii)	antigen-binding fragments of any one of
			(i) through (vi) which bind mammalian CC-
			chemokine receptor 2 or a portion thereof;
10		•	and
		viii)	combinations of the foregoing, under
		·	conditions appropriate for binding of said
			artibody or antigen-binding fragment
			thereof thereto; and
15		b) detect	cing binding of said antibody or antigen-
		bindir	ng fragment thereof,
		wherein the	e binding of said antibody or antigen-
		binding fra	agment thereof indicates the presence of
		said recept	cor or portion of said receptor on said
20		cell.	
	27.		of Claim 26 where in the composition is a
		sample comp	prising human cells
	28.		detecting a mammalian CC-chemokine
		-	br portion of said receptor, comprising:
25			cting a sample to be tested with an antibody
			tigen-binding fragment thereof which is
			ted from the group consisting of:
			monoclonal antibody 1D9;
			an antibody having an epitopic specificity
30			which is the same as or similar to that of
			1D9;

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I/LI) an antibody which can compete with ID9 for	
binding to mammalian CC-chemokine receptor	
2;	
iv) \ monoclonal antibody 8G2;	
v) $\sqrt{\text{an antibody having an epitopic specificity}}$	
which is the same as or similar to that of	
8 G 2 ;	
vi) an antibody which can compete with 8G2 for	
binding to mammalian CC-chemokine receptor	
2;	
vii) antigen binding fragments of any one of (i)	
through (vi) which bind to mammalian CC-	
chemokine receptor 2 or a portion thereof;	
and	
viii) dombinations of the foregoing,	
under conditions appropriate for binding of said	
antibody or fragment thereof thereto; and	
b) detecting or measuring binding of said antibody	
or antigen-binding fragment thereof,	
wherein the binding of said antibody or antigen-	
binding fragment thereof to material in said sample i	s
indicative of the presence of a mammalian CC-chemokin	
receptor 2 or portion of said receptor in said sample	
A method according to Claim 28, wherein the sample is	
a cellular fraction which, in normal individuals,	
comprises a mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or	
portion of said receptor.	
A method of inhibiting a function associated with	
binding of a chemokine to a mamma ian CC-chemokine	
receptor 2 or a functional portion of said receptor,	

comprising contacting a composition \comprising the receptor or portion with an effective amount of an

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antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof which binds to a mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or portion of said receptor, wherein said antibody inhibits binding of said chemokine to mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 and inhibits one or more functions associated with binding of the ligand to the receptor.

- 31. A method according to Claim 30 wherein the chemokine is selected from the group consisting of MCP-1, MCP-2, MCP-3, MCP-4 and combinations thereof.
- 32. A method according to Claim 30 wherein the antibody or antigen-binding fragment is selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) monoclonal antibody 1D9;
 - b) an antibody having an epitopic specificity which is the same as or similar to that of 1D9;
 - c) an antibody which can compete with 1D9 for binding to mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2; and
 - d) antigen-binding fragments of any of (a) through
 (c) which bind to mammalian CC-chemokine
 receptor 2 or a portion thereof.
- 33. A method of detecting or identifying an agent which binds a mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or ligand-binding variant thereof, comprising combining
- a) an agent to be tested;
 - b) an antibody or antigen-binding fragment selected from the group consisting of:
 - i) monoclonal antibody 1D9;
- an antibody having an epitopic specificity which is the same as or similar to that of 1D9;

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1 11).	an antibody which can compete with 1D9 for
	binding to mammalian CC-chemokine
\ :	receptor 2;
iv)\	monoclonal antibody 8G2;
v) \	an antibody having an epitopic specificity
1	which is the same as or similar to that of
. \	8G2;
vi)	an antibody which can compete with 8G2 for
·	binding to mammalian CC-chemokine
:	receptor 2;
vii)	antigen-binding fragments of any of (i)
	through (vi) which bind to mammalian CC-
	chemokine receptor 2 or a portion thereof;
1	and
viii	combinations of the foregoing; and
	osition comprising a mammalian CC-chemokine
	or 2 or a ligand-binding variant thereof,
	ions suitable for binding of said antibody
	oinding fragment to said mammalian CC-
	eceptor 2 or ligand-binding variant
	d detecting or measuring binding of said
	antigen binding fragment to said mammalian
	e receptor 2 or ligand-binding variant
thereof.	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
A method acc	cording to Claim 33\wherein the formation
/	between said antibody or antigen-binding
- (d said mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or
ligand-bindi	ing variant is monitored, and wherein a
decrease in	the amount of complex formed relative to a
	ntrol is indicative that the agent binds
	or or ligand-binding variant thereof.
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- 36. A method according to Claim 33 wherein the composition comprising a mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or a ligand-binding variant thereof is a cell bearing recombinant CC-chemokine receptor 2 or ligand-binding variant thereof.
- 36. A method according to Claim 35, wherein the composition comprising a mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or a ligand-binding variant thereof is a membrane fraction of said cell bearing recombinant CC-chemokine receptor 2 or ligand-binding variant thereof
- 37. A method according to Claim 33 wherein the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof is labeled with a label selected from the group consisting of a radioisotope, spin label, antigen label, enzyme label, fluorescent group and chemiluminescent group.
- 38. A method according to Claim 33 wherein the agent is an antibody having specificity for a mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or antigen-binding fragment thereof.
- 39. A method of inhibiting HIV infection in a patient, comprising administering to the patient a composition comprising an effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof which binds to mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or portion thereof and inhibits binding of HIV to the receptor or portion thereof.

- 4 \(\). A method according to Claim 39 wherein the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof is selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) monoclonal antibody 1D9;
- 5 b) an antibody having an epitopic specificity which is the same as or similar to that of;
 - c) an antibody which can compete with 1D9 for binding to mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2; and
 - d) antigen-binding fragments of any of (a) through
 (c) which bind to mammalian CC-chemokine
 receptor 2 or a portion thereof.
- 41. A method of inhibiting leukocyte trafficking in a patient, comprising administering to the patient a composition comprising an effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof which binds to a mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or portion of said receptor and inhibits binding of a ligand to the receptor.
- 42. A method according to Claim 41 wherein the ligand is a chemokine.
 - 43. A method according to Claim 42 wherein the chemokine is selected from the group consisting of MCP-1, MCP-2, MCP-3, MCP-4 and combinations of the foregoing.
- 44. A method according to Claim 41 wherein the antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof is selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) monoclonal antibody 1D9;
 - b) an antibody having an epitopic specificity which is the same as or similar to that of 1D9;

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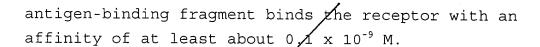
- C) an antibody which can compete with 1D9 for binding to mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2; and
- antigen-binding fragments of any of (a) through d) (c) which bind to mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or a portion thereof.

A composition comprising an antibody or antigenbinding fragment thereof which binds to a mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or portion of said receptor, wherein said antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof inhibits binding of a ligand to the receptor, and an optional physiologically acceptable vehicle.

- An antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof which 46. binds to a mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or portion of said receptor, wherein/said antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof/inhibits binding of a ligand to the receptor with an/ IC_{50} of less than about 1.0 μ g/ml.
- An antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof according to Claim 4/6 wherein the IC₅₀ is less than about 0.05 μ g/ml. 20
 - An antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof 48. according to Claim/46 wherein the IC₅₀ is less than about 0.05 μ g/ml.
- An antibody or/antigen-binding fragment thereof which 49. binds to a mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or 25 portion of said receptor, wherein said antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof inhibits binding of a ligand tø the receptor, and wherein the antibody or

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- 50. An antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof according to Claim 49, wherein the affinity is at least about 1 x 10^{-9} M.
- 51. An antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof according to Claim 50, wherein the affinity is at least about 2 x 10^{-9} M.

A method of treating a CC-chemokine receptor 2-mediated disorder in a patient, comprising administering to the patient an effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof which binds to mammalian CC-chemokine receptor 2 or portion thereof.

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